

Computer Science E-259

XML with Java

Lecture 4: XPath 1.0 (and 2.0) and XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

21 February 2007

David J. Malan

`malan@post.harvard.edu`

Computer Science E-259

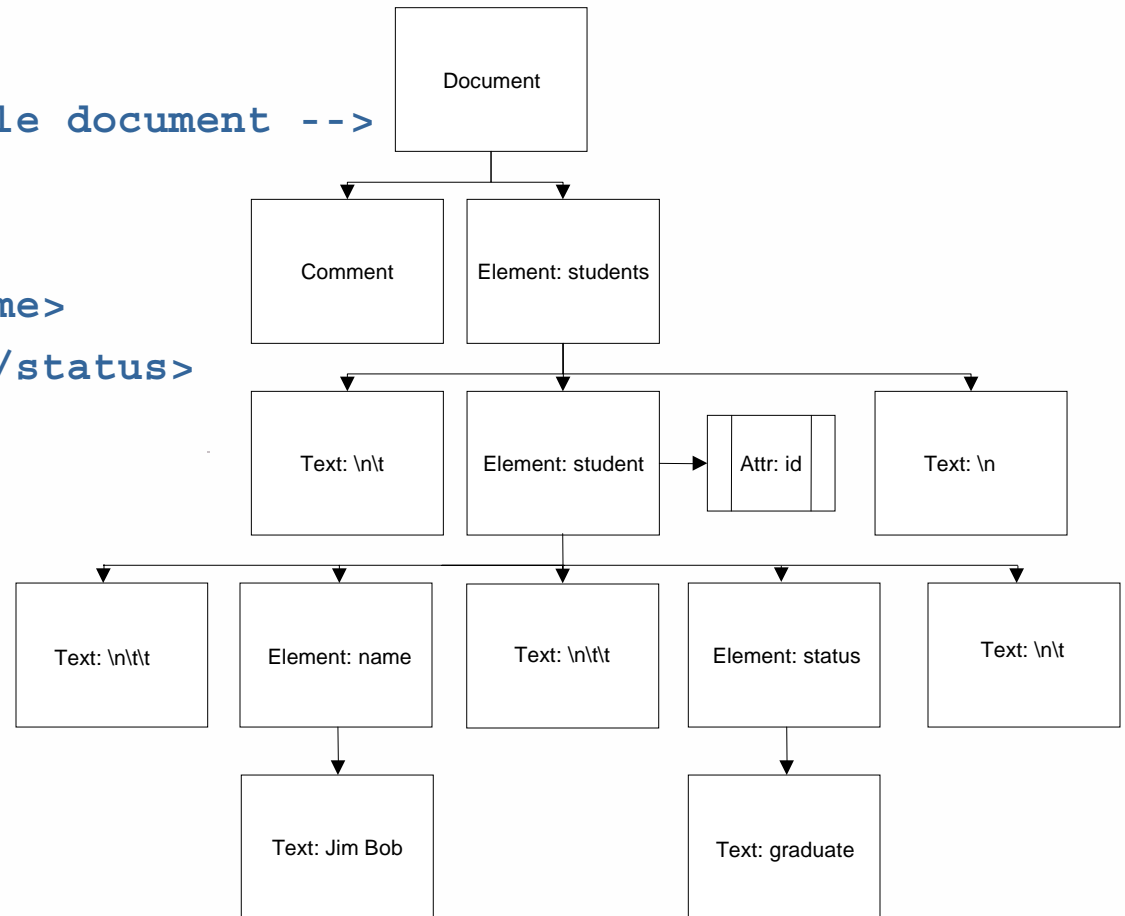
Last Time

- DOM Level 3
- JAXP 1.3 and Xerces 2.7.1
- My First XML Parser

Last Time

DOM Level 3

```
<!-- This is an example document -->
<students>
  <student id="0001">
    <name>Jim Bob</name>
    <status>graduate</status>
  </student>
</students>
```



Last Time

JAXP 1.3 and Xerces 2.7.1

```
javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory  
    javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder  
        org.w3c.dom.*  
        . . .
```

Last Time

My First XML Parser

`cscie259.project1.mf.*`

Computer Science E-259

This Time

- CSS Level 2
- XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)
- XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)
- TrAX
- Project 2

CSS Level 2

By Example

```
<?xml-stylesheet type="text/css" href="myblockbuster.css"?>
```

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

History

- XML Path Language (XPath) Version 1.0 is a Recommendation since 11/99
- XML Path Language (XPath) Version 2.0 is a Recommendation since 1/07

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

Location Paths

`/child::movies/child::movie[@rating='R']`

The diagram shows the XPath expression `/child::movies/child::movie[@rating='R']` with four brackets underneath it. The first bracket is under `/child::movies` and is labeled `step`. The second bracket is under `/` and is labeled `axis`. The third bracket is under `child::movie` and is labeled `node test`. The fourth bracket is under `[@rating='R']` and is labeled `predicate`.

A large bracket underneath the entire expression `/child::movies/child::movie[@rating='R']` is labeled `location path`.

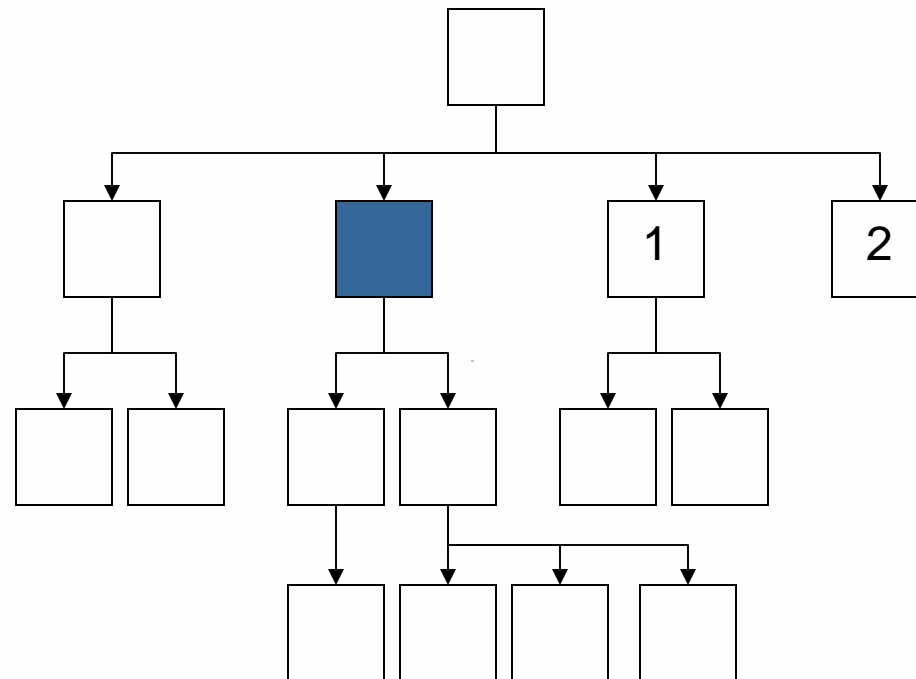
XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

Axes

- `ancestor, ancestor-or-self`
- `attribute`
- `child`
- `descendant, descendant-or-self`
- `following, following-sibling`
- `namespace`
- `parent`
- `preceding, preceding-sibling`
- `self`

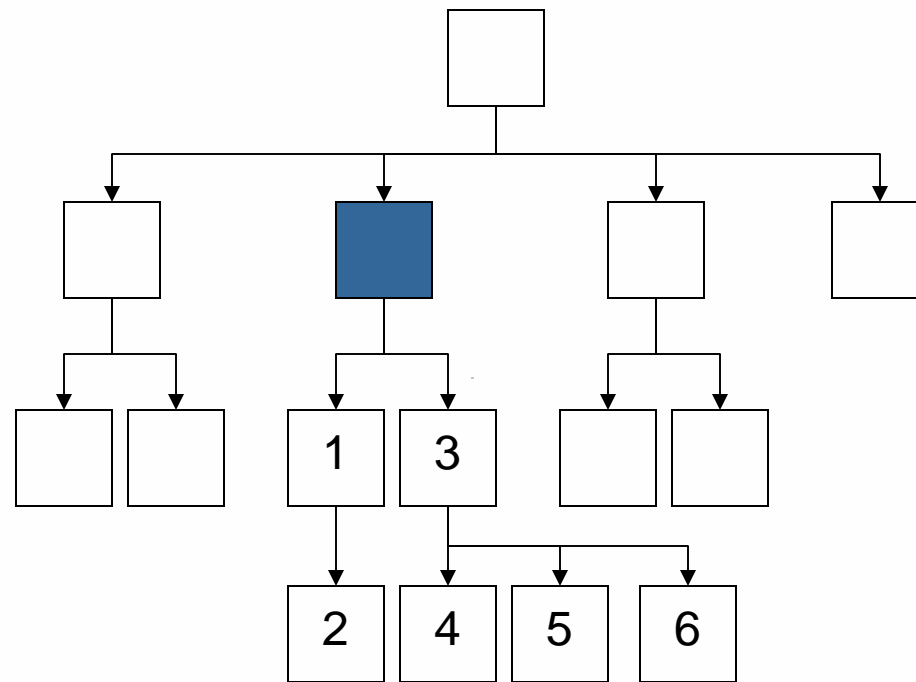
XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

`following-sibling`



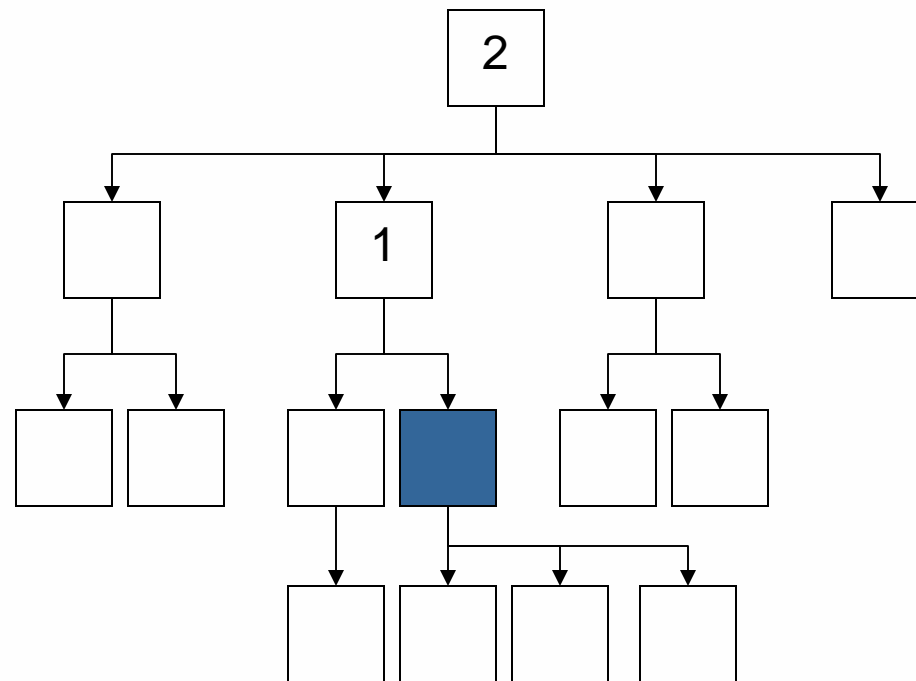
XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

descendant



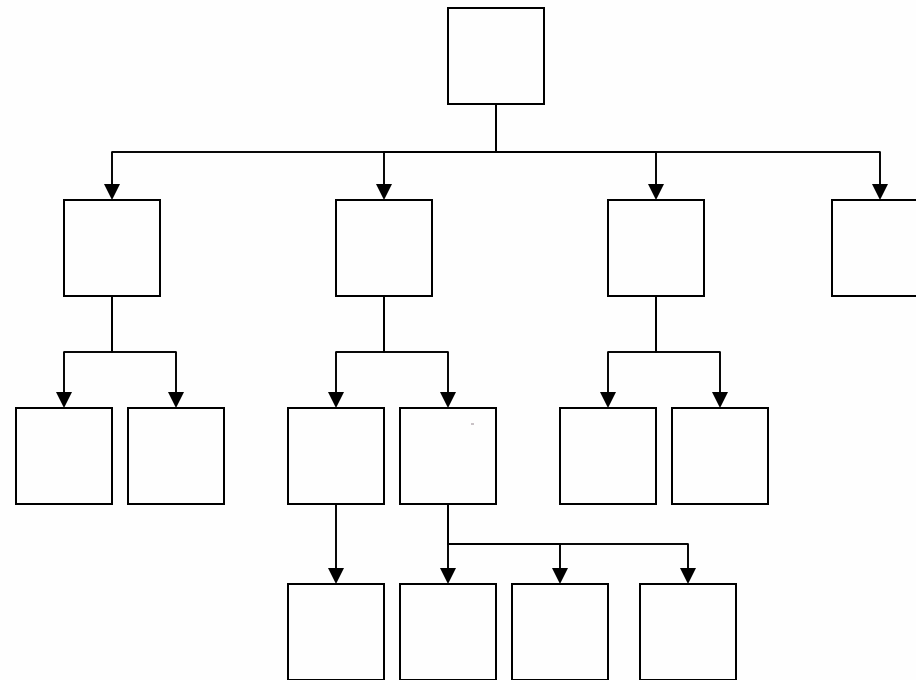
XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

ancestor



XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

...



XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

Node Tests

- `foo`
- `foo:bar`
- `foo:*`
- `*`
- `node()`
- `comment()`
- `text()`
- `processing-instruction()`

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

Abbreviated Syntax

- `child::` \equiv `' '`
- `attribute::` \equiv `@`
- `/descendant-or-self::node()` \equiv `//`
- `self::node()` \equiv `.`
- `parent::node()` \equiv `..`

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

Data Types

- boolean
- number
- string
- node-set
- external object

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

boolean

- `true()`, `false()`
- `=`, `!=`, `<`, `>`, `<=`, `>=`
- `and`, `or`
- `not()`

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

number

- `=, !=, <, >, <=, >=`
- `+, -, *, div, mod, -`
- `floor(), ceiling()`
- `...`

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

string

- `"foo", 'foo'`
- `concat()`, `contains()`, `starts-with()`, `string-length()`, `substring()`, `substring-after()`, `substring-before()`, `translate()`
- ...

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

node set

- `count()`, `current()`, `last()`, `name()`, `position()`, `sum()`
- `|`
- `...`

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0)

Converting Types

- Explicit Conversion
 - `boolean()`, `string()`, `number()`
- Implicit Conversion
 - `false` » 0, `true` » 1
 - `false` » 'false', `true` » 'true'
 - 0 » false, other » true
 - '' » false, other » true
 - empty » false, other » true
 - ...

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Motivation

- XML provides a syntax for structured data formats
- No one format is likely to enable all possible uses for data
- Transforming XML can be useful in two different scenarios
 - Data conversion: transforming one format to another
 - Multiple data formats for B2B purchase orders
 - Different description formats for family trees
 - Publishing: transforming data to a human viewable form
 - Displaying XML data on the Web as HTML
 - Displaying XML data in print using PDF

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

History

- XSL Transformations (XSLT) Version 1.0 is a Recommendation since 11/99 (first draft dates back to 8/98)
- XSL Transformations (XSLT) Version 2.0 is a Recommendation since 1/07

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

XHTML 1.0

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="iso-8859-1"?>

<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0" xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
  <xsl:param name="foo"/>
  <xsl:output doctype-public="-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
    doctype-system="http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd"
    encoding="iso-8859-1" indent="yes" method="xml"/>
  <xsl:template match="/">
    <html>
      <head>
        <title>My First XSLT-Generated Webpage</title>
      </head>
      <body/>
    </html>
  </xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Nodes

- root node
- element nodes
- attribute nodes
- text nodes
- comment nodes
- PI nodes
- ...

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Elements

- `xsl:stylesheet`
- `xsl:apply-templates`, `xsl:call-template`,
`xsl:template`, `xsl:with-param`
- `xsl:for-each`
- `xsl:value-of`
- ...

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Matching Templates

```
<xsl:template match="/">
```

```
...
```

```
</xsl:template>
```

```
<xsl:template match="foo">
```

```
...
```

```
</xsl:template>
```

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Named Templates

```
<xsl:template name="foo">  
  <xsl:param name="bar" select="'baz'"/>  
  ...  
</xsl:template>
```

```
<xsl:call-template name="foo">  
  <xsl:with-param name="bar" select="'not bar'"/>  
  ...  
</xsl:template>
```

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Applying Templates

```
<xsl:apply-templates select="..."/>
```

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Built-In Templates

```
<xsl:template match="*|/">  
  <xsl:apply-templates/>  
</xsl:template>
```

```
<xsl:template match="text()|@*">  
  <xsl:value-of select="."/>  
</xsl:template>
```

```
<xsl:template match="comment()|processing-instruction()"/>
```

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Values of Nodes

```
<xsl:value-of select="..."/>
```


XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Recursive Descent Processing

- Start from the root node
- Find a matching template
- Instantiate the body of the template
 - Send literal result elements (*i.e.*, non-XSLT elements) to standard output
 - Interpret XSLT elements as instructions
- In other words, `<xsl:apply-templates/>` selects nodes to which the processor recursively applies the same algorithm: match templates and instantiate their bodies

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Processors

- Xalan-J 2.7.0
 - `java org.apache.xalan.xslt.Process -IN foo.xml -XSL foo.xsl`
- Microsoft Core XML Services (MSXML) 6.0
- SAXON 8.9
- Stylus Studio 2007 XML Enterprise Suite
- XMLSpy 2007 Enterprise Edition
- ...

XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

Versus CSS Level 2

Why two stylesheet languages?

TrAX

APIs

```
javax.xml.transform.*  
javax.xml.transform.stream.*  
javax.xml.transform.dom.*  
javax.xml.transform.sax.*
```

Project 2

Overview

- It's B2B Time!
- My Blockbuster
- XTube

Next Time

XPath 1.0 (and 2.0) and XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0), Continued

- XPath 1.0 (and 2.0), Continued
- XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0), Continued

Computer Science E-259

XML with Java

Lecture 4: XPath 1.0 (and 2.0) and XSLT 1.0 (and 2.0)

21 February 2007

David J. Malan

`malan@post.harvard.edu`